ERID-111819

EP2011-5077



### **IRM-RMMSO**

## **Official Correspondence Form**

Name:	U1100335	
Title:	Response to Notice of Intent to Discharge; Discharge Permit not Required for Storm Water Discharge at Los Alamos Canyon Weir Technical Area 72 AI:856 PRD20100010	
Date Received:	2/24/2011	U110
Addressee Name:	A. Grieggs, ENVRCRA	0335
Originator:	W. Olson, NMED	
Action Item Description:		
Action Due Date:		1
Responsible for Action:	Search 🚊	
Responsible Office:		_
Distribution:	Anthony R. GrieggsMichael R. AnastasioIsaac E. RichardsonIIIRichard A. MarquezMichael B. MalloryDeborah K. WoitteDavid J. McInroyJames C. CantwellPhoebe K. SuinaMichael J. GrahamWilliam Z. AlexanderVictoria A. GeorgeTina M. SandovalScotty Jones	





BILL RICHARDSON Governor DIANE DENISH Lieutenant Governor

#### NEW MEXICO ENVIRONMENT DEPARTMENT

#### Ground Water Quality Bureau

Harold Runnels Building 1190 St. Francis Drive PO Box 5469, Santa Fe, NM 87502-5469 Phone (505) 827-2900 Fax (505) 827-2965 www.nmeny.state.nm.us



F. DAVID MARTIN Secretary RAJ SOLOMON, P.E. Deputy Secretary

#### **CERTIFIED MAIL – RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED**

February 18, 2011

Anthony R. Grieggs, Group Leader Environmental Protection Division Water Quality & RCRA (ENV-RCRA) P.O. Box 1663, Mail Stop K490 Los Alamos, NM 87545

#### RE: Response to Notice of Intent to Discharge; Discharge Permit Not Required for Storm Water Discharge at Los Alamos Canyon Weir Technical Area 72, AI:856 (PRD20100010)

Dear Mr. Grieggs:

The New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) received a Notice of Intent (NOI), dated December 21, 2010 (copy enclosed), requesting temporary permission for a one-time discharge of approximately 21,600 cubic feet of retained storm water from a storm water impoundment to an adjacent hillside, upgradient from the watercourse. Storm water proposed to be discharged has been tested by Los Alamos National Laboratory and is shown to contain elevated levels of aluminum, total polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and gross alpha. With the exception of aluminum, the storm water does not exceed NMED Ground Water Quality Standards as defined in 20.6.2.3103 NMAC. The storm water will be discharged by pumping from the impoundment to the hillside over a period of three days at a maximum discharge volume of 7,200 cubic feet per day. Best management practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and adverse impacts to the identified solid waste management unit (SWMU) C-00-006. The proposed discharge is located in Technical Area (TA) 72 at 35°52'5.6" north latitude, 106°13'6.8" west longitude, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos County.

#### NMED has reviewed the Notice of Intent and determined that a Discharge Permit is not required at this time because the information provided indicates that the proposed discharge of effluent or leachate is not likely to adversely affect ground water quality.

The NMED Ground Water Quality Bureau (GWQB) has been advised by the NMED Surface Water Quality Bureau (SWQB) that this activity will not result in a "discharge" to a surface water of the state, as defined under 40 CFR § 122.2. Please contact Richard Powell of the

Anthony R. Grieggs, AI:856 (PRD20100010) February 18, 2010 page 2

NMED-SWQB at (505) 827-2798 if further information regarding surface water permitting requirements is needed.

Although a Discharge Permit is not being required for the discharge proposed in the NOI at this time, you are not relieved of liability should your operation result in actual pollution of surface or ground waters. This decision by NMED does not relieve you of your responsibility to comply with any other applicable federal, state, and/or local laws and regulations.

If at some time in the future you intend to change the amount, character or location of your discharge, or if observation or monitoring shows that the discharge is not as described in your Notice of Intent, you must file a revised Notice of Intent with the GWQB.

If you have any questions, please contact either Jennifer Fullam at (505) 827-2909 or George Schuman, Program Manager of the Ground Water Pollution Prevention Section, at (505) 827-2945.

Sincerely,

George Schuman for W. O'Com

William C. Olson, Chief Ground Water Quality Bureau

WO:JF

Enc: Notice of Intent, dated December 21, 2010

cc: Robert Italiano, District Manager, NMED District II (w/ enc) NMED Santa Fe Field Office(w/ enc) NOI File(w/ enc) County File (w/ enc) Glenn Saums, NMED SWQB(w/ enc) Richard Powell, NMED SWOB (w/ enc) James Bearzi, NMED HWB(w/ enc) Steven Yanicak, NMED-DOE-Oversight Bureau (w/o enc) Erik Galloway, NMED-DOE-Oversight Bureau (w/ enc) Gene Turner, LASO-EO, Los Alamos National Laboratory, A316, Los Alamos, NM 87545 (w/o enc) Michael B. Mallory, PADOPS, Los Alamos National Laboratory, A102, Los Alamos, NM 87545 (w/o enc) Chris Cantwell, ADESHQ, Los Alamos National Laboratory, K491, Los Alamos, NM 87545 (w/o enc) Michael Saladen ENV-RCRA, Los Alamos National Laboratory, K490, Los Alamos, NM 87545 (w/o enc) Jacob Meadows, ENV-RCRA, Los Alamos National Laboratory, K490, Los Alamos,

Anthony R. Grieggs, AI:856 (PRD20100010) February 18, 2010 page 3

> NM 87545 (w/o enc) Mark Haagenstad, ENV-RCRA, Los Alamos National Laboratory, K490, Los Alamos, NM 87545 (w/o enc) Charles Barnett, UI-DO, Los Alamos National Laboratory, J972, Los Alamos, NM 87545 (w/o enc) Bob Beers, ENV-RCRA, Los Alamos National Laboratory, MS K497, Los Alamos, NM 87545 (w/o enc)



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Environmental Protection Division Water Quality and RCRA Group (ENV-RCRA) P.O. Box 1663, Mail Stop K490 Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545 (505) 667-0666/FAX: (505) 667-5224

DEC 2 3 2010

NOT 2010 LA CONTRACT MEN STOLET MONTAN

Date: December 21, 2010 Refer To: ENV-RCRA-10-242 LA-UR: 10-08272

Mr. William C. Olson, Chief Ground Water Protection Bureau New Mexico Environment Department Harold Runnels Building, N2250 1190 St. Francis Drive P.O. Box 26110 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502 Mr. Glenn Saums Surface Water Quality Bureau New Mexico Environment Department Harold Runnels Building, N2050 1190 St. Francis Drive P.O. Box 5469 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502-5469

Dear Mr. Olson and Mr. Saums:

#### SUBJECT: NOTICE OF INTENT FOR DIVERSION OF STORM WATER AT LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY LOS ALAMOS CANYON WEIR - IN SUPPORT OF SEDIMENT SAMPLING UNDER ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER ON CONSENT

Enclosed is a Notice of Intent to Discharge (NOI) that has been prepared for submittal to the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) pursuant to 20.6.2.1201 NMAC of the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) regulations and the Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) Liquid Discharge Reporting Guidance (Decision Tree), dated March 10, 2009. Per recommendations during a 12/2/2010 conversation with NMED-Groundwater Quality Bureau Staff Robert George, a Notice of Intent (NOI, Enclosure 1) has been prepared to propose a diversion of storm water above the Los Alamos Canyon Weir.

LANL is required to sample sediment above the Weir by the Supplemental Interim Measure Work Plan to Mitigate Contaminated Sediment Transport in Los Alamos and Pueblo Canyon, dated October, 2008. As detailed in the enclosed NOI, the diversion of storm water is necessary to facilitate sampling of sediment currently beneath the water.

December 21, 2010

Please contact Jake Meadows at (505) 606-0185 or <u>jmeadows@lanl.gov</u> of the Water Quality and RCRA Group (ENV-RCRA) if you have questions.

- 2 -

Sincerely,

ARGneggs

Anthony R. Grieggs Group Leader Water quality & RCRA Group

ARG:JM/lm

Enclosures: a/s

Cy: Robert George, NMED/GWQB, Santa Fe, NM, w/enc. Jennifer Fullam, NMED/GWQB, Santa Fe, NM, w/enc. Richard Powell, NMED/SWQB, Santa Fe, NM, w/enc. Steven Yanicak, LASO-GOV, w/enc., M894 Gene Turner, LASO-EO, w/enc., A316 Michael B. Mallory, PADOPS, w/o enc., A102 J. Chris Cantwell, ADESHQ, w/o enc., K491 Michael Saladen, ENV-RCRA, w/o enc., (E-File) Steven J. Veenis, PMFS-DO, w/enc., (E-File) Dennis A. Romero, ET-ER, w/enc., (E-File) Jacob Meadows, ENV-RCRA, w/enc., (E-File) ENV-RCRA File, w/enc., K490 IRM-RMMSO, w/enc., A150

UFC **3 3** 2010

## **ENCLOSURE 1**

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#### NOTICE OF INTENT

#### 1. Name and address of facility making the discharge.

DEC 2 3 2010

Los Alamos National Laboratory P.O. Box 1663 Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545

#### 2. Location of the discharge (In Township, Range and Section, if available).

Township	T19N R7E
Section	S20 T19N R7E

(Lat and Long = -106.218563, 35.867231 - WGS 1984)

## 3. The means of discharge. (To lagoon, Flowing stream, Water course, Arroyo, Septic tank, other).

A series of pumps and hoses will be set up to divert approximately 21,600 ft<sup>3</sup> of detained storm water from the Los Alamos Canyon Weir to the vegetated slope immediately upstream and north of the structure. Diverting the storm water is necessary to facilitate sediment sampling above the Los Alamos Canyon Weir. The water would be pumped at such a rate as to minimize erosion and allow for infiltration of the water. Pumping distances for this operation will vary from a minimum of 20-ft to a maximum distance of 100-ft.

The proposed diversion is within the boundaries of a Solid Waste Management Unit (C-00-006). The storm water would be diverted within the boundary of SWMU C-00-006 in such a manner as to prevent erosion and adverse impacts to the SWMU.

#### 4. The estimated concentration of contaminants (if any) in the discharge.

Enclosure 2 contains preliminary storm water data collected in 2010 at gaging station E042.1.

Based on the February 20, 2009 letter to NMED (Enclosure 3), the sediment concentrations in the area are as follows:

Lead	22 mg/kg
Copper	32.6 mg/kg
Cyanide	2.21 mg/kg

Enclosure 4 is a letter from NMED-Hazardous Waste Bureau, dated 5/5/2009, granting approval to proceed with soil removal from the Weir.

#### 5. The type of operation from which the discharge is derived.

Pumping of detained storm water upstream of the Los Alamos Weir. The water would be diverted to the adjacent hillside up-gradient of the watercourse.

#### 6. The estimated flow to be discharged per day.

The proposed diversion would take approximately three days, with an average application rate of 7,200  $ft^3$  per day. Over an eight-hour period, the water will be pumped at a continuous rate of 0.25 cubic feet per second.

The discharge would be conducted in a manner to prevent erosion. Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent adverse impacts to SWMU C-00-006.

#### 7. The estimated depth to Ground Water (if available).

A perched water table is approximately 80 feet below ground surface (Installation of the Monitoring Site at the Los Alamos Canyon Low-Head Weir – LA-13970).

## **ENCLOSURE 2**

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#### 2010 Preliminary Storm Water Data for Station E042.1

LOCATION_NAME	STATION_NUMBER	START_DATE ANALYTE	ANALYTE_DESC	SYMBOL STD_RESULT STD_UOM
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	22-Jul-10 Al	Aluminum	2180 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	16-Aug-10 Al	Aluminum	868:ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	22-Jul-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.166 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	22-Jul-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.222 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	22-Jul-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.35:ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	23-Jul-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.112 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	31-Jul-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.039 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	31-Jul-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.112 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	31-Jul-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.0575 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	05-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.293 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	05-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.452 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	05-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.556 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	05-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.225 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	15-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.522 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	15-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.152 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	15-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	1.39 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	15-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.192 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	16-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	1.96 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	16-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	0.518 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	16-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	1.86 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	16-Aug-10 1336-36-3	Total PCB	1.17 ug/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	22-Jul-10 GROSSA	Gross alpha	57.7 pCi/L
Los Alamos above low-head weir	E042.1	05-Aug-10 GROSSA	Gross alpha	86.6 pCi/L

\*1 Results presented have not all received validation review. Aluminum results presented exceed the acute aquatic life standard of 750 ug/L. Total PCB results presented exceed the human health standard of 0.00064 ug/L. Gross alpha results presented exceed the Livestock watering standard of 15 pCi/L. Other analytical results obtained during 2010 at this sampling station do not exceed these and other applicable surface water screening levels.

# **ENCLOSURE 3**



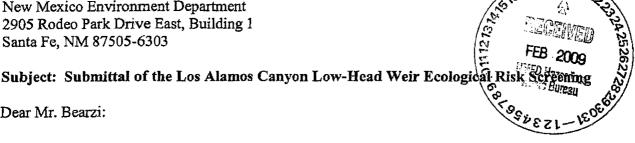
Environmental Programs P.O. Box 1663, MS M991 Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545 (505) 606-2337/FAX (505) 665-1812



National Nuclear Security Administration Los Alamos Site Office, MS A316 Environmental Restoration Program Los Alamos, New Mexico 87544 (505) 667-4255/FAX (505) 606-2132

Date: February 20, 2009 Refer To: EP2009-0107

James P. Bearzi, Bureau Chief Hazardous Waste Bureau New Mexico Environment Department 2905 Rodeo Park Drive East, Building 1 Santa Fe, NM 87505-6303



Dear Mr. Bearzi:

The Los Alamos National Laboratory (the Laboratory) received an approval with modifications from the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) on January 7, 2009, on the Laboratory's recommendation (included in the Supplemental Interim Measures Work Plan to Mitigate Contaminated Sediment Transport in Los Alamos and Pueblo Canyons, LA-UR-08-6588) to place excavated material currently impounded behind the Los Alamos Canyon low-head weir onto the adjacent embankment. The NMED's letter requested a comparison of detected analytes in the sediment behind the weir to ecological screening levels (ESLs) so NMED could make its determination on placement of the excavated material onto the embankment.

The Laboratory is submitting this letter and the comparison in response to NMED's requirement. The approach used for the analysis is consistent with the ecological risk assessment methods documented in existing NMED-approved canyons biota investigation plans and investigation reports. This general process was used to evaluate potential ecological risks in Los Alamos and Pueblo Canyons ("Los Alamos/Pueblo Surface Aggregate Report --- Record of Communication" [Katzman 2002, Memorandum ER2002-0690]), Mortandad Canyon ("Mortandad Canvon Biota Investigation Work Plan" [LANL 2005, LA-UR-05-2231]) and Pajarito Canyon ("Pajarito Canyon Biota Investigation Work Plan" [LANL 2006, LA-UR-06-4106]).

The approach used for the Los Alamos Canyon weir analysis included use of depth-integrated samples collected through the entire thickness of sediment because they most represent the mixed condition of excavated sediment. The data were first compared with the sediment background values (BVs) or detection limits (for organic chemicals), and those values that exceeded BVs and detected organic chemicals (chemicals of potential concern [COPCs]) were then compared with the ESLs (see Table 1).

#### James Bearzi EP2009-0107

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The following is a summary of the assessment:

- 51 analytes were detected
- 26 detected analytes were identified as COPCs
- 3 COPCs (copper, cyanide, and lead) were greater than ESLs

Consistent with the screening methodology, COPCs greater than the ESL are carried forward in the assessment because they have the potential for causing ecological risk. The approach taken in this assessment and in previous canyons biota investigation plans was to compare measured concentrations for a given COPC with those evaluated in previous canyons investigations. For example, the concentrations measured in Pajarito Canyon reaches were compared with Los Alamos/Pueblo Canyons and Mortandad Canyon (see Table D-2.2-10 in the Pajarito Canyon Biota Investigation Work Plan).

Table 2 lists the specific endpoints potentially at risk from concentrations of copper, cyanide, and lead, which are all avian receptors. As shown in Table 2, the concentrations of copper, cyanide, and lead in reaches previously evaluated for potential ecological risk to these receptors are greater than concentrations measured at the Los Alamos Canyon weir for these analytes. Thus, the studies and conclusions of no risk to avian receptors in the investigation reports for Los Alamos/Pueblo Canyons, Mortandad Canyon, and Pajarito Canyon are also applicable to the sediment currently impounded behind the weir and planned for land application on an adjacent embankment. In summary, although there are several COPCs identified as exceeding ESLs, there is no indication that these concentrations would pose an unacceptable ecological risk based on previous studies and assessments.

Depth-	ESL	Assessment	Los	Mortandad	Pajarito
Integrated	(mg/kg)	Endpoints where	Alamos/	Avian	avian
Samples		Los Alamos	Pueblo	Reach Max	reach max
(mg/kg)		Canyon Weir	Avian	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
		Sample Is Greater	Reach		
		Than the ESL	Max		
			(mg/kg)		
32.6	15	robin	31.5	119	98.1
2.21	0.1	kestrel, robin	no detects	0.377	6.52
22	14	robin	76.5	36.2	77.2
	Integrated Samples (mg/kg) 32.6 2.21	Integrated Samples (mg/kg)(mg/kg)32.6152.210.1	Integrated Samples (mg/kg)(mg/kg)Endpoints where Los Alamos Canyon Weir Sample Is Greater Than the ESL32.615robin2.210.1kestrel, robin	Integrated Samples (mg/kg)(mg/kg)Endpoints where Los Alamos Canyon Weir Sample Is Greater Than the ESLAlamos/ Pueblo Avian Reach Max (mg/kg)32.615robin31.52.210.1kestrel, robinno detects	Integrated Samples (mg/kg)(mg/kg)Endpoints where Los Alamos Canyon Weir Sample Is Greater Than the ESLAlamos/ Pueblo Avian Reach Max (mg/kg)Avian Reach Max (mg/kg)32.615robin31.51192.210.1kestrel, robinno detects0.377

Table 2 Summary of COPCs	with maximum	concentrations greater than ESLs
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Note: Values in bold exceed maximum Los Alamos Canyon weir concentrations

The Laboratory proposes that the NMED approve the Laboratory's request to begin excavation of the sediment behind the weir and be granted approval to spread the material onto the adjacent embankment in accordance with the approach described in the Supplemental Interim Measures Work Plan to Mitigate Contaminated Sediment Transport in Los Alamos and Pueblo Canyons.

James Bearzi EP2009-0107

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Danny Katzman at (505) 667-6333 (katzman@lanl.gov) or Nancy Werdel at (505) 665-3619 (nwerdel@doeal.gov).

Sincerely,

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Michael J. Grahard, Associate Director Environmental Programs Los Alamos National Laboratory

MG/DG/PH/DK/SR:sm

Attachment: a/s

Sincerely,

Elin P. Worth for

David R. Gregory, Project Director Environmental Operations Los Alamos Site Office

Cy: Laurie King, EPA Region 6, Dallas, TX Steve Yanicak, NMED-OB, White Rock, NM Tom Skibitski, NMED-OB, Santa Fe, NM Keyana DeAguero, DOE-LASO (date-stamped letter emailed) Nancy Werdel, DOE-LASO, MS A316 Danny Katzman, EP-LWSP, MS M992 Steven Reneau, EES-16, MS D452 Paul Huber, EP-LWSP, MS M992 Michael J. Graham, ADEP, MS M991 Alison M. Dorries, WES-DO, MS M992 Kristine Smeltz, WES-DO, MS M992 EP-LWSP File, MS M992 RPF, MS M707 IRM-RMMSO, MS A150 (date-stamped letter emailed)

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Analyte	Units	Maximum Detected Concentration	Sediment BV	Maximum > Sediment BV or Detected Organic?	ESL	COPC Maximum > ESL?
Aluminum	mg/kg	3140	15400	No	na <sup>a</sup>	n/a⁵
Arsenic	mg/kg	3	3.98	No	6.8	n/a
Barium	mg/kg	57.6	127	No	110	n/a
Beryllium	mg/kg	0.752	1.31	No	2.5	n/a
Calcium	mg/kg	1880	4420	No	na	n/a
Chromium	mg/kg	4.86	10.5	No	2.3	n/a
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.91	4.73	No	13	n/a
Copper	m <b>g/k</b> g	32.6	11.2	Yes	15	Yes
Cyanide (Total)	mg/kg	2.21	0.82	Yes	0.1	Yes
Iron	mg/kg	6410	13800	No	na	n/a
Lead	mg/kg	22	19.7	Yes	14	Yes
Magnesium	mg/kg	689	2370	No	na	n/a
Manganese	mg/kg	301	543	No	220	n/a
Mercury	mg/kg	0.0465	0.1	No	0.013	n/a
Nickel	mg/kg	3.24	9.38	No	9.7	n/a
Potassium	mg/kg	596	2690	No	na	n/a
Silver	mg/kg	0.0904	1	No	2.6	n/a
Sodium	mg/kg	92.8	1470	No	na	n/a
Thallium	mg/kg	0.215	0.73	No	0.032	n/a
Vanadium	mg/kg	8.79	19.7	No	0.025	n/a
Zinc	mg/kg	52.7	60.2	No	48	n/a
Americium-241	pCi/g	0.635	0.04 .	Yes	44	No
Cesium-137	pCi/g	1.53	0.9	Yes	680	No
Plutonium-238	pCi/g	0.0584	0.006	Yes	44	No
Plutonium-239/240	pCi/g	0.569	0.068	Yes	47	No
Strontium-90	pCi/g	0.401	1.04	No	560	n/a
horium-228	pCi/g	1.84	2.28	No	43	n/a
horium-230	pCi/g	1.48	2.29	No	52	n/a
horium-232	p <u></u> Ci/g	1.69	2.33	No	6.2	n/a
Iranium-234	pCi/g	1.6	2.59	No	51	n/a
Iranium-235	pCi/g	0.119	0.2	No	55	n/a
ranium-238	pCi/g	1.57	2.29	No	55	n/a
cenaphthene	mg/kg	0.0162	na	Yes	0.25	Ňo

# Table 1 Comparison of Maximum Detected Concentrations in Depth-Integrated Samples to BVs and ESLs

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Analyte	Units	Maximum Detected Concentration	Sediment BV	Maximum > Sediment BV or Detected Organic?	ESL	COPC Maximum > ESL?
Anthracene	mg/kg	0.029	na	Yes	6.8	No
Aroclor-1254	mg/kg	0.0155	na	Yes	0.041	No
Aroclor-1260	mg/kg	0.023	па	Yes	0.14	No
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.118	na	Yes	3	No
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	0.129	na	Yes	53	No
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.217	na	Yes	18	No
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.101	ла	Yes	24	No
Chloroform	mg/kg	0.000286	na	Yes	8	No
Chrysene	mg/kg	0.143	na	Yes	2.4	No
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.229	na	Yes	10	No
Fluorene	mg/kg	0.0182	na	Yes	3.7	No
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	0.0651	na	Yes	62	No
Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.016	na	Yes	1	No
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.146	na	Yes	5.5	No
Pyrene	mg/kg	0.249	na	Yes	10	No
Toluene	mg/kg	0.00102	na	Yes	23	Na
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons Diesel Range Organics	mg/kg	38.3	na	Yes	na	No
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons Gasoline Range Organics	mg/kg	0.0512	na	Yes	na	No

Table 1 (continued)

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<sup>a</sup> na = Not available.

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<sup>b</sup> n/a = Not applicable (analyte not a COPC).

# **ENCLOSURE 4**

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BILL RICHARDSON Governor

DIANE DENISH Lieutenant Governor

#### NEW MEXICO ENVIRONMENT DEPARTMENT

#### Hazardous Waste Bureau

2905 Rodeo Park Drive East, Building 1 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505-6303 Phone (505) 476-6000 Fax (505) 476-6030 www.nmenv.state.nm.us

#### **CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED**

May 5, 2009

David Gregory, Federal Project Director Department of Energy Los Alamos Site Office 3747 West Jemez, Mail Stop A316 Los Alamos, New Mexico, 87544 David McInroy Remediation Services Deputy Director Los Alamos National Security, LLC P.O. Box 1663, Mail Stop 3591 Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545

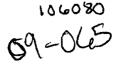
#### RE: APPROVAL TO PROCEED WITH SOIL REMOVAL LOS ALAMOS CANYON LOW-HEAD WEIR LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY EPA ID# NM0890010515 LANL-HWB-08-004

Dear Messrs. Gregory and McInroy:

The New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) is in receipt of the Los Alamos National Security, L.L.C. and U.S. Department of Energy (the Permittees) document entitled Submittal of the Los Alamos Canyon Low-Head Weir Ecological Risk Screening dated February 20, 2009 and referenced by EP2009-0107. The ecological risk screening (ERS) was submitted in response to NMED's January 7, 2009 Approval with Modifications (Approval) for the portion of the Supplemental Interim Measure Work Plan to Mitigate Contaminated Sediment Transport in Los Alamos and Pueblo Canyons, dated October 2008 (LA-UR-08-6588/EP2008-0519), that addressed removal of sediments from behind the Los Alamos Low-head Weir. NMED hereby issues this Approval to Proceed with the following comments and requirements:

In lieu of requesting additional analysis from the Permittees, NMED considered the following factors to determine whether adverse ecological impact might result from relocation of the contaminated sediments.

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By		RV	$\underline{\ }$			





RON CURRY Secretary

JON GOLDSTEIN Deputy Secretary

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Messrs. Gregory and McInroy Page 2 of 4 May 5, 2009

- 1. The volume of contamination appears to be small and will likely not result in a large area of impact once removed sediments are spread on the slope adjacent to the weir.
- 2. Sediment concentrations listed for lead, copper, and cyanide appear to be only slightly elevated with respect to background. The reported concentration of lead [22 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)] falls within the LANL background range for sediment (2 25.6 mg/kg) and soil (2 26 mg/kg). While no statistical comparison was conducted, detected concentrations of lead do not appear to be significantly elevated with respect to background. As such, ecological exposure to lead in the sediment would not likely result in adverse ecological impact.
- 3. Copper (32.6 mg/kg) is slightly elevated compared to background for sediment (0.77 12 mg/kg) and soil (0.25 15 mg/kg). Using a simple screening analysis for avian receptors (horned lark), the resulting hazard quotient (HQ) would be around 2.0 (compared to the target HQ of 1.0). If a Tier 2 analysis was performed and an area use factor was included in the refinement, the HQ would likely drop below a HQ of 1.0.
- 4. Cyanide (2.21 mg/kg) is elevated compared to sediment background (0.075 0.53 mg/kg). No background data are available for cyanide for soils at the Facility. A screening assessment would result in an HQ of roughly 11.0 for the horned lark. However, applying an area use factor and a lowest-observed adverse effect level (LOAEL) instead of a no-adverse observed effect level (NOAEL) in a Tier 2 assessment would probably drop the HQ to around 2. While still elevated, the HQ is not significantly elevated compared to the target level of 1.0

Given the above analysis, it appears that spreading of the sediment removed from behind the weir will likely not result in adverse ecological impact. The above analysis was conducted in order to allow completion of improvements to the weir prior to the summer storm season. For future reports, it is anticipated that deficiency comments will be generated and the Permittees will be required to provide a more detailed screening analyses.

The Permittees must stabilize the sediments placed on the slope next to the weir to ensure that the sediments do not return to the stream channel and also establish a vegetative cover on the sediments to reduce the potential for erosion and dust generation.

In addition, the Permittees reported the presence of contaminants in a layer of fine-grained surface sediments deposited behind the weir resulting from the water line break at SWMU 21-027(a) in July 2008. The sediments contain dioxins, furans and selected radionuclides and metals at concentrations greater than the range of concentrations detected during previous sampling. These fine-grained sediments were deposited as a discontinuous layer in Basin 3 and in a more well-defined layer in Basin 2 (the basins are identified in Figure 4.2.1 in the Permittees' work plan entitled Interim Measure Work Plan to Mitigate Contaminated Sediment

Messrs. Gregory and McInroy Page 4 of 4 May 5, 2009

Please contact Dave Cobrain of my staff at (505) 476-6055 if you have questions.

Sincerely,

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James P. Bearzi Chief Hazardous Waste Bureau

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file: Reading and LANL General (Los Alamos and Pueblo Canyons, Surface Water)

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